

## Parenting Payment Partnered (PPP) June 2015

### About PPP

Parenting Payment Partnered is an income support payment for partnered principal carer parents with a youngest child under six years of age.

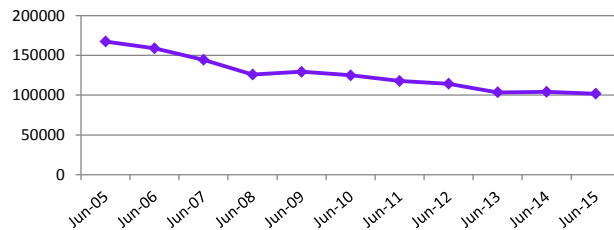
#### PPP June 2015

##### Quick Facts

		Jun-13	Jun-14	Jun-15	Change Jun-14 to Jun-15	Change Jun-13 to Jun-15
Total Population		103,497	104,028	101,696	-2.2%	-1.7%
Gender	Male	9,417	9,749	9,830	0.8%	4.4%
	Female	94,080	94,279	91,866	-2.6%	-2.4%
Duration	Short Term	24,484	24,402	22,424	-8.1%	-8.4%
	Long Term	79,013	79,626	79,272	-0.4%	0.3%
Recipients with Earnings		9,111	9,500	9,530	0.3%	4.6%

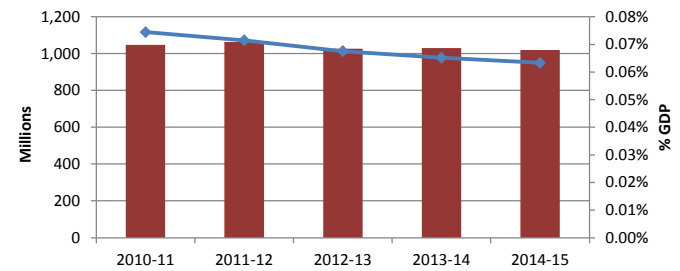
The population decreased by 2,332 (2.2%) comparing June 2015 to June 2014.

#### PPP Population



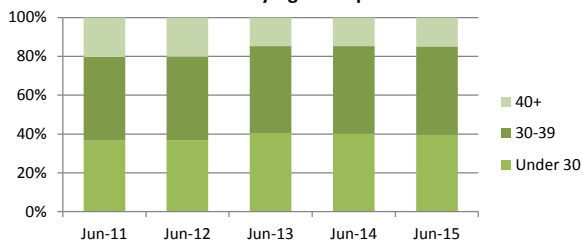
The PPP population has been steadily declining for most of the last 10 years. In 2008, there was a slight increase in recipient numbers following the 2008 Global Financial Crisis. In January 2013, there was a large, one-off decrease with the cessation of grandfathering provisions for recipients who had been on payment prior to 1 July 2006 and had a child aged over 6 years; eligible recipients transferred onto Newstart Allowance. From June 2014 to June 2015, the total PPP population decreased by 2.2%.

#### PPP Expenditure



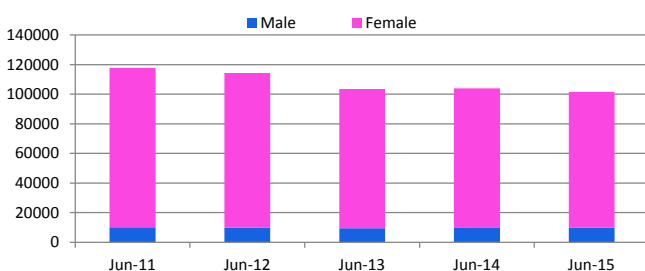
Expenditure on PPP has remained relatively stable over time. The 2014-15 expenditure on PPP was \$1.019 billion. Expenditure on PPP makes up 0.06% of Gross Domestic Product (ABS National Accounts).

#### PPP by Age Group



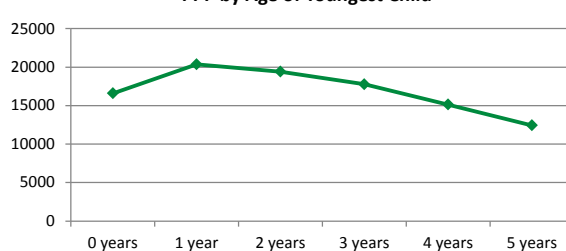
At June 2015, 45% of PPP recipients were aged between 30 and 39 years, with a further 40% aged under 30 years. 15% of recipients are aged over 40 years, with the majority of these recipients aged between 40 and 44 years.

#### PPP by Gender



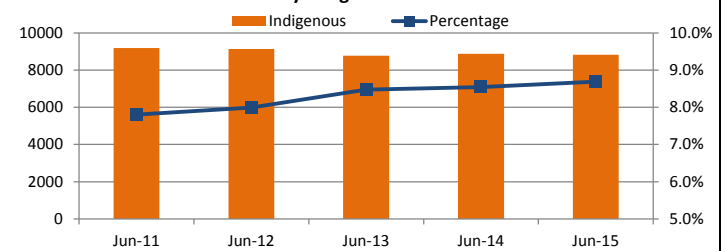
PPP recipients are predominantly female, with 90.3% female and 9.7% male.

#### PPP by Age of Youngest Child



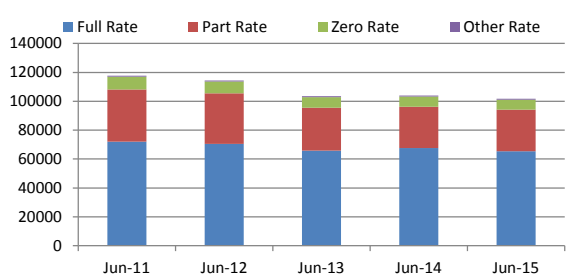
PPP recipient numbers are highest among recipients with a youngest child aged 1 or 2 years old. Recipient numbers then gradually decline until recipients lose eligibility for PPP when their youngest child turns 6 years old.

#### PPP by Indigenous Indicator



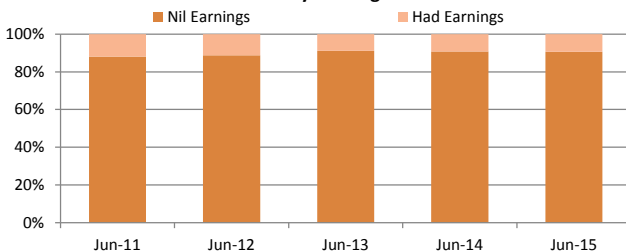
The Indigenous proportion of the total PPP population has increased slightly since June 2011. In June 2015, the Indigenous proportion was 8.7%. Indigenous recipients include only those who have voluntarily identified as Indigenous.

#### PPP by Rate of Payment



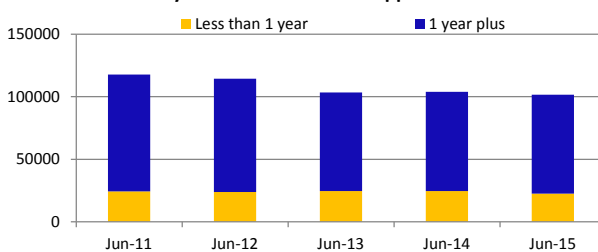
The proportion of recipients on full-rate is comparable with June 2014 with a small decrease from 65% at June 2014 to 64.4% at June 2015. 'Other' includes those recipients who were yet to be paid.

#### PPP by Earnings



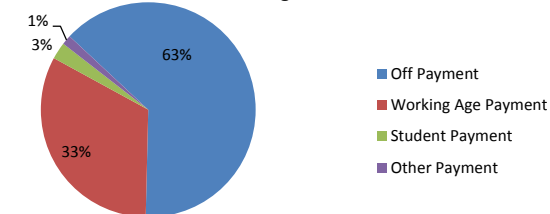
The proportion of recipients reporting earnings has remained relatively stable over time. 9.4% of PPP recipients had earnings, up from 9.1% at June 2014. The low proportion is expected, as PPP recipients have caring responsibilities for young children.

#### PPP by Duration on Income Support



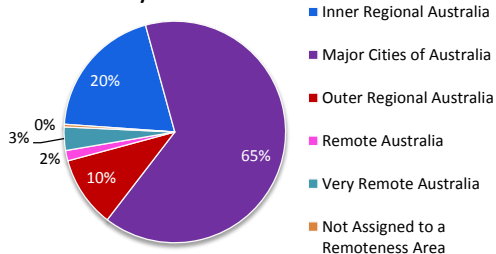
As at June 2015, 77.9% of recipients were classified as long-term. The proportion has increased from 76.5% at June 2014. The longer duration is expected, due to the nature of the payment, with recipients caring for young and often multiple children.

#### Circumstances before receiving PPP:



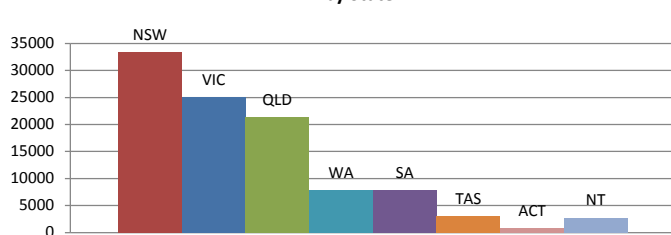
The majority of PPP recipients in June 2015, and who were not in receipt of PPP in June 2014, did not transfer from another income support payment. Of those who had transferred to PPP, and who were receiving another income support payment in June 2014, the largest proportion transferred from Parenting Payment Single (15.7%), Newstart Allowance (12%) and Youth Allowance (other) (4.7%).

#### PPP by Remoteness Area



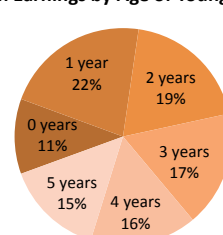
The majority of PPP recipients reside in major cities (64.7%). A further 30% live in regional areas (outer and inner), while the remaining recipients are in remote or very remote locations. This is similar to the general working age population, which has 71% of the working age population living in major cities and 27% living in regional areas (ABS Census 2011 data).

#### PPP by State



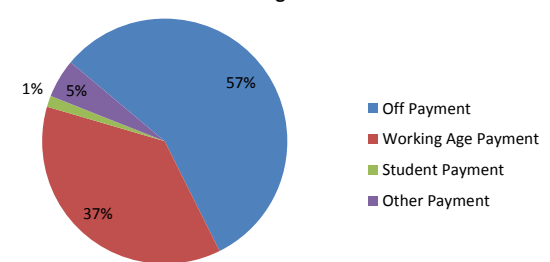
The highest proportion of recipients were located in New South Wales at 32.8% followed by Victoria at 24.6% and 20.9% in Queensland.

#### PPP with Earnings by Age of Youngest Child



Recipients with a youngest child aged 1 or 2 years old make up 41% of PPP recipients with earnings.

#### Circumstances after receiving PPP:



The majority of those who were in receipt of PPP in June 2014 and who were no longer receiving PPP in June 2015, were no longer receiving any income support. Recipients who transferred to another payment generally transferred to Parenting Payment Single (23.3%), Newstart Allowance (13.3%) and Carer Payment (4.4%).



## Data Descriptions

**Parenting Payment Partnered:** An income support payment for partnered principal carer parents with a youngest child under six years of age.

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**Recipient Numbers:** Recipients of Parenting Payment Partnered who are determined to be current (i.e. entitled to be paid) on the Centrelink payment system.

**Report Details:** Payment trends and profiles report - June 2015 - Produced by the Department of Social Services

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**Source:** Department of Human Services Administrative data (DSS Extracts)

**Data Date:** Data as at the 26th of June 2015.

**Australian National Accounts:** National Income, Expenditure and Product: Table 34 Time Series Spreadsheets (cat. no. 5206.0)

**Australian Bureau of Statistics Census 2011:** Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2011 Census of Population and Housing, Table Builder, RA by AGE5P - Age in Five Year Groups

## Glossary:

**Age Group:** The age group of the recipient.

**Age of Youngest Child:** The age of the recipients youngest child.

**Circumstances after PPP:** This data compares two points in time, one year apart. 'Not Receiving Income Support' describes those who were in receipt of PPP at the first point in time, who were not receiving an income support payment at the second point in time. This data does not take into account Family Tax Benefit.

**Circumstances before PPP:** This data compares two points in time, one year apart. 'Not Receiving Income Support' describes those who were not in receipt of an income support payment at the first point in time, who were receiving PPP at the second point in time. This data does not take into account Family Tax Benefit.

**Duration:** Duration refers to duration on Income Support and may not reflect duration on current payment type.

**Earnings:** Earnings refers to employment earnings reported in the last fortnight of the reported period.

**Expenditure:** Expenditure amount, as reported in the Department's Annual Report. '% of GDP' is the expenditure on the payment as a percentage of Australia's Gross Domestic Product (ABS data - see data source above).

**Indigenous:** Indigenous recipients include only those who have voluntarily identified as indigenous. This data may therefore represent an undercount.

**Remoteness Area:** Remoteness Areas are based on the recipient's geo-coded address against the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) 2011.

**Rate:** The rate of the recipients payment ('other' include those recipients who, as at the data date, were yet to be paid).

**State:** The State or Territory recorded in the recipient's address.